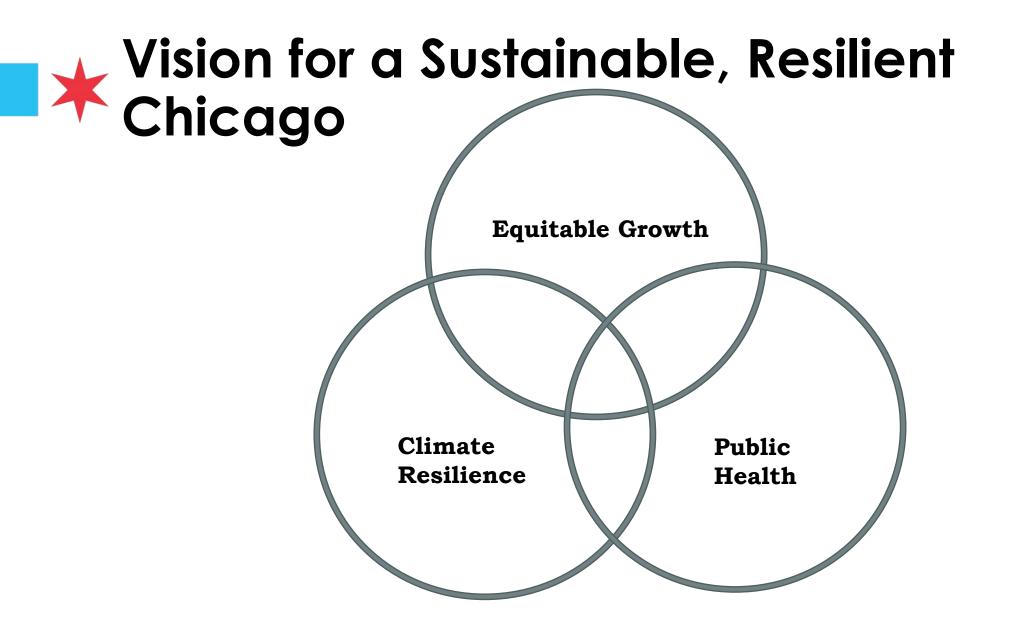


Equitable Solutions to Climate Change Chicago 2020

September 2020



A city where all people and all communities have power, are free from oppression and are strengthened by equitable access to resources, environments and opportunities that promote optimal health and well-being.



Environmental Racism Is Nothing New

Have

seen

Race is the most significant predictor of a person living near contaminated air, water, or soil.

56%

of the population near **toxic waste** sites are people of color.

Are . . more likely to Have live without 38% potable water and higher modern nitrogensanitation. dioxide exposure. People of color:

95% of their claims against polluters denied by the EPA.

Equity – An Outcome and A Process

Outcome

- Race no longer determines one's socioeconomic outcome
- Everyone have what they need to thrive

Process

 When those most impacted by structural racial inequity are meaningfully involved in the creation and implementation of the institutional policies and practices that impact their lives

Chicago's Most Pressing Environmental Challenges



Year Racial Life Expectancy Gap

CHICAGO'S LIFE EXPECTANCY GAP, 2017 **Top Five Drivers** of the Gap Asian, Non-Latinx Latinx Chronic Disease 4.3 years White, Non-Latinx Between 2012 and 2017, life expectancy has been falling for everyone except white, 8.8 year gap Gun-related Homicide non-Latinx Chicagoans. There is an 8.8 year 2.1 years gap between Black and white Chicagoans. Black, Non-Latinx Infant Mortality 0.7 years Source: CDPH ----Opioid Overdose 0.4 years

2015

2014

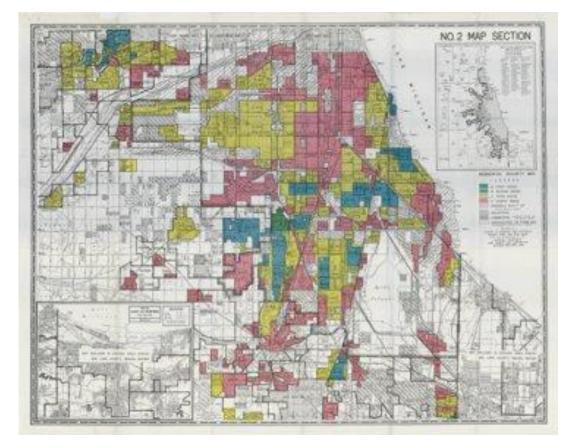
2017

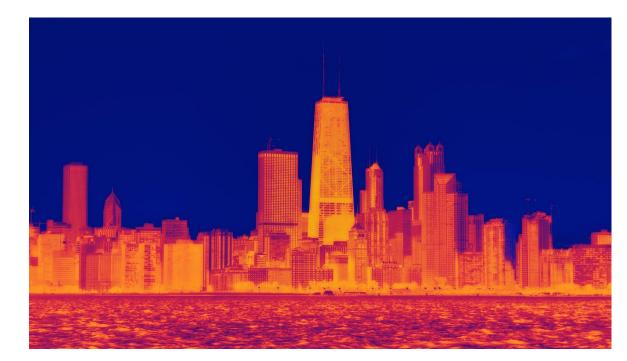
2016

2012

2013

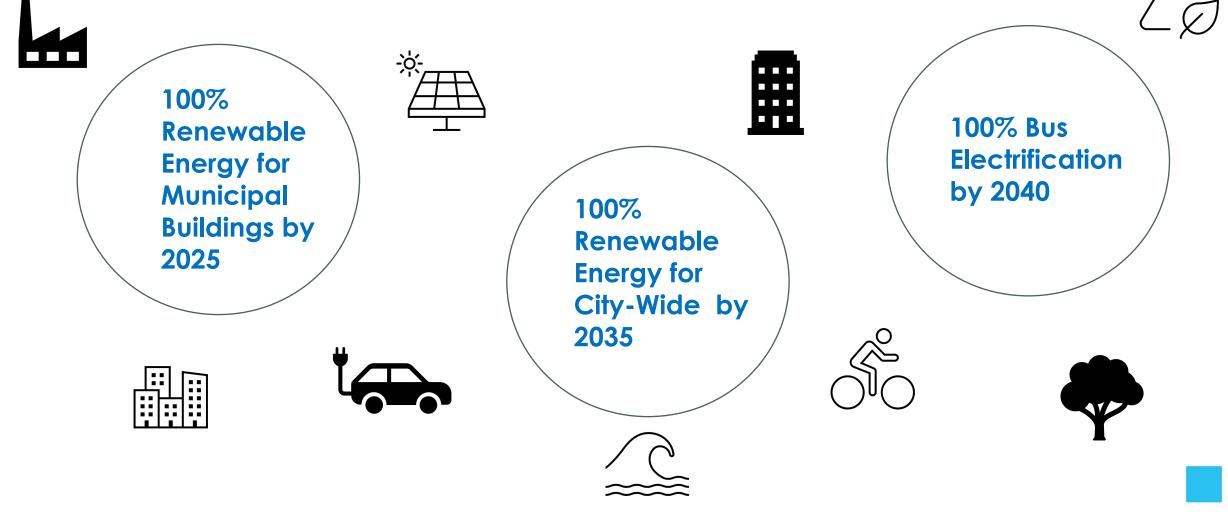
X Climate Change in Chicago



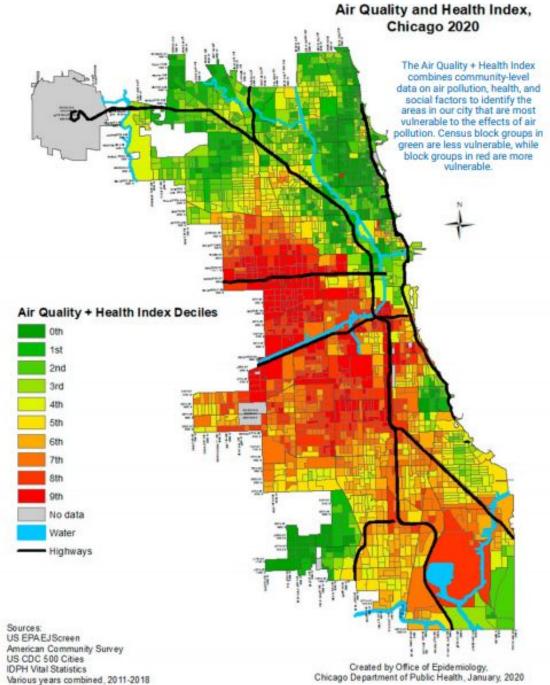


Source: Flickr / Dustin Phillps

Reaffirming our Commitment to Climate Change Mitigation







Source: CDPH

Created by Office of Epidemiology, Chicago Department of Public Health, January, 2020

X Air Quality and Health Reform Agenda

Environmental Equity Working Group: The City will convene a board of community representatives, environmental leaders, and other local stakeholders who will advise the reform agenda. Industrial Business Rule Reform:

Review and revision of other operating rules for industrial businesses

Cumulative Burden Analysis: Development of an ordinance requiring new and more stringent permitting requirements to prevent cumulative burdens from disproportionately affecting certain neighborhoods. Enforcement and Inspection Reform: Evaluation and updates to the current processes.

X Air Quality Zoning Ordinance

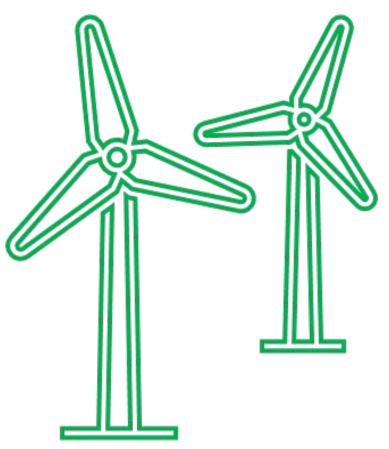
- Eliminates certain uses from City limits, including mining, landfills, and incinerators;
- <u>Reclassifies</u> certain uses from of-right to special-use, which requires approval by the Zoning Board of Appeals, including:
 - Intensive manufacturing
 - Warehousing
 - Container storage
 - Freight terminal
- <u>Requires</u> planned development review and approval for large industrial uses, if those uses are within 660 feet of any residential, business, or commercial district or if the site exceeds 10 acres

100% RENEWABLE ENERGY RFP

1. A Minimum Requirement for New Renewable Energy Projects

2. Contract Flexibility to Allow for Separable Power Purchase Agreements (PPAs)

3. Integrated Evaluation of Local Economic Development and Equity Benefits



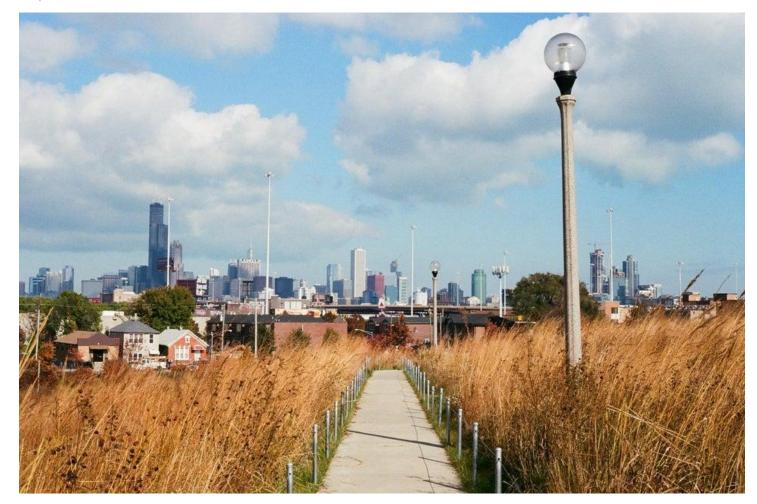
Pathway to a Just Clean Energy Transition



Source: Bloomberg Business 2016

Category	Description	Information / Data to be Completed
Community benefit and involvement	Value of the proposed community benefit initiatives that benefit Chicago	Dollar Value
New Build Renewable Generation Siting – Within Chicago	Portion of new build capacity that will be located within Chicago	MWs of new build capacity
New Build Renewable Generation Siting – Within Chicago	Portion of new build capacity that will be located within PJM territory within IL, not including Chicago	MWs of new build capacity
Local Supply Chain	Revenue to Chicago local suppliers of goods and services related to New Build Renewable Generation	Dollar value
Local Long-Term Jobs	Estimated number of long-term jobs within Chicago associated with New Build Renewable Generation, based on full-time equivalency	Quantity
Local Short-Term Jobs	Estimated number of short-term jobs within Chicago associated with New Build Renewable Generation, based on full-time equivalency	Quantity of jobs and total labor hours
In-State Long-Term Jobs	Estimated number of long-term jobs within Illinois, not including Chicago, associated with New Build Renewable Generation, based on full-time equivalency	Quantity
In-State Short-Term Jobs	Estimated number of short-term jobs within Illinois, not including Chicago, associated with New Build Renewable Generation, based on full-time equivalency	Quantity of jobs and total labor hours
Diversity in Retail Supply Company	Quantity and percentage of women and minorities in ownership, leadership, and senior management positions for the retail supply company	Quantity and percent
Diversity in Developer Companies	Quantity and percentage of women and minorities in ownership, leadership, and senior management positions for the developer companies	Quantity and percent





Thank You!

Angela Tovar Chief Sustainability Officer, City of Chicago Angela.tovar@cityofchicago.org

Source: Reddit / PantonePat

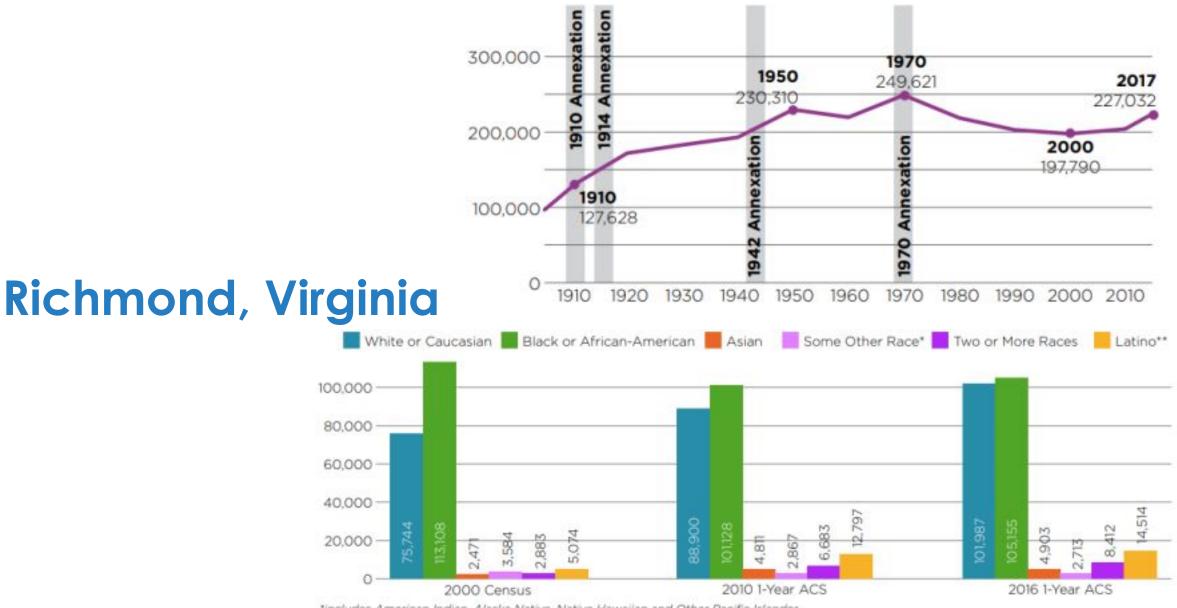
GreenTown: Climate

Crisis September 23, 2020

Brianne Mullen, Sustainability Coordinator City of Richmond, Virginia brianne.mullen@richmondgov.com

City of Richmond RVA Green 2050

Equitable climate action for a healthy and resilient Richmond



*includes American Indian, Alaska Native, Native Hawailan and Other Pacific Islander.

**The U.S. Census categorizes "Latino" as an ethnicity, not a race. Therefore, Latinos may identify their race as white, black, or some other race, as well as identifying their ethnicity as "Latino."

RVAgreen 2050 = Integrated Nexus





Climate Resilience

Prepare for climate change impacts

Equity: Correct past harms and prevent future unintended consequences; address the underlying structural and institutional systems that are the root causes of social and racial inequities

Procedural Distributional Structural

outcomes and systems that create those outcomes

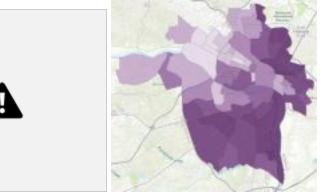
Everyone can influence processes and access programs Benefits and burdens are fairly shared Change inequitable Climate Equity Index

Source: Government Alliance for Racial Equity (modified)

- Poverty

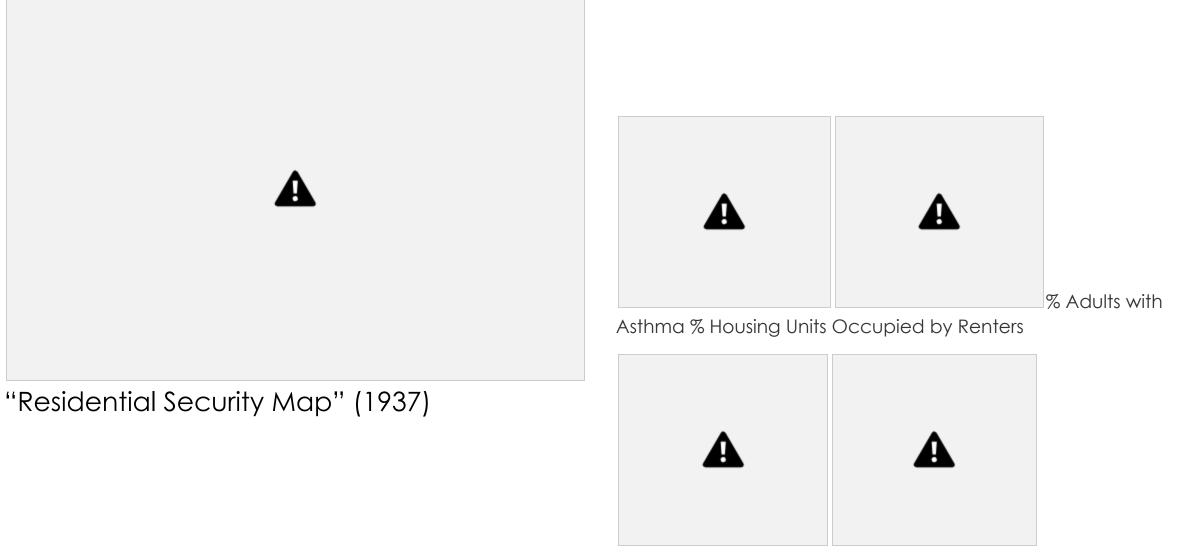
- Age
- Race
- Gender

- Disabilities
- Chronic health conditions
- Mental health
- Household composition
- Working outdoors
- Public assistance income
- Housing characteristics
- Crime
- Education
- Language
- Social isolation
- Employment
- Transportation access
- Air conditioning
- Housing (shelters, group homes)



Overall Social Vulnerability % "Minorities" (all persons except

"White - Not Hispanic or Latino")



% Below Poverty Level % Housing Units w/o Central A/C

RVAgreen 2050 Process





RVAgreen 2050 Process



Kumar Jensen Chief Sustainability and Resilience Officer City of Evanston

Working Towards Carbon Free Cities September 23, 2020



Climate Action and Resilience Plan

<u>Goals</u>

- 1. Prepare Evanston for the impacts of the climate crisis
- 2. Achieve 100% Renewable Electricity by 2030
- 3. Community-wide Zero Waste by 2050
- 4. Carbon Neutrality by 2050





Guiding Implementation Principles

Equity Centered

Climate change affects everyone. However, not all people are equally impacted.

Outcome-Focused

Reducing Evanston's contribution to the climate crisis and improving resilience must be demonstrated through a change in outcomes.

Cost-Effective and Affordable

Implementation will prioritize the cost-effectiveness for the City to implement and the impact on affordability.



Environmental Justice Resolution

Tuesday, September 15, 2020 | View in browser

EVANSTON CITY COUNCIL UNANIMOUSLY APPROVES RESOLUTION SUPPORTING ENVIRONMENTAL JUSTICE





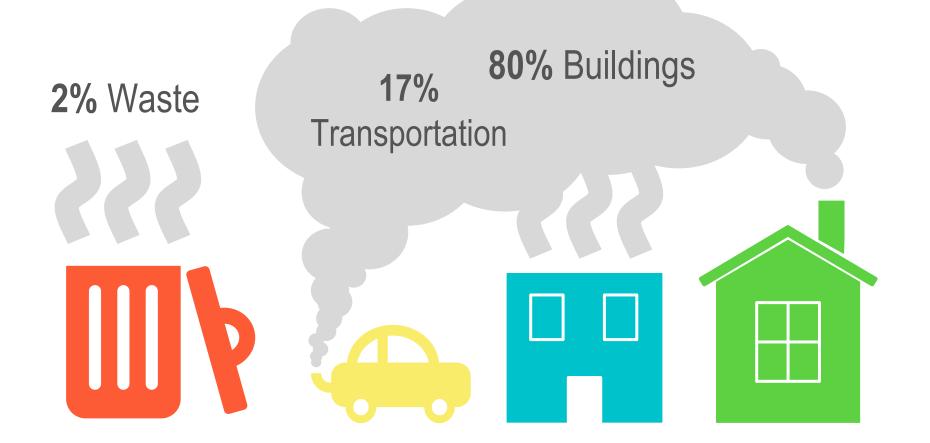
EJ Resolution Components

- 1. Incorporate environmental justice into City ordinances, codes, policies and processes in consultation with stakeholders
- Create a meaningful public engagement policy and decision making process in collaboration with the City's Equity and Empowerment Commission
- Develop and maintain a geographic information system (GIS) inventory of environmental justice areas in Evanston, defined as regions where there are likely to be disparities in access to environmental assets or exposure to hazards





Greenhouse Gas Sources





Housing Cost Burden

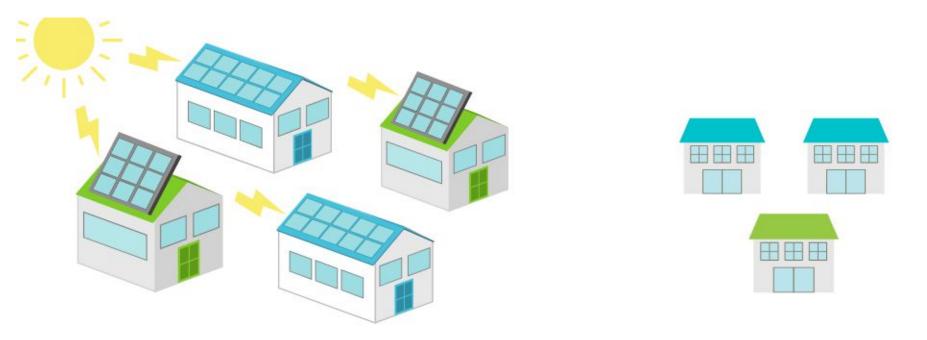


40% of households are housing cost burdened

51.5% of renters are housing cost burdened compared to 30.7% of owners

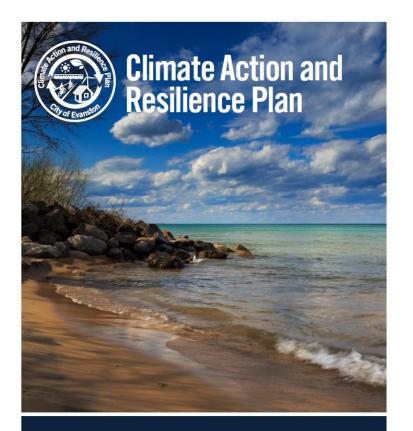






In 2019, Evanston saw a solar boom with solar installations doubling. There are now 98 solar installations in Evanston but few, if any, are providing renewable energy to low-income residents.





Carbon Neutral by 2050



cityofevanston.org/climate

November 2018

Kumar Jensen Chief Sustainability and Resilience Officer

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